

1st Grade Student Proficiency Report: GERMAN

Student Name	Language GERMAN	Teacher
School	District	Date

LISTENING ABILITY Your child's listening ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

■ NOVICE HIGH ■ NOVICE LOW **NOVICE MID** INTERMEDIATE LOW ■ INTERMEDIATE MID - Recognizes single, isolated words, - Understands simple questions, - Understands familiar questions, - Understands most sentence-level Understands predictable questions, greetings and polite expressions. statements and commands on commands and statements in a speech in new contexts at a normal statements, and commands in familiar topics and some limited number of content areas rate of speech although slow-downs familiar topic areas (with strong sentences in new topics with - Understands questions and may be necessary for unfamiliar context without prompting topics. strong contextual support. statements in new content areas support). - Carries out commands. Requires slower than normal rate of May require repetition, slower with strong contextual support. speech, or rephrasing. - Follows information that is being speech and/or with repetitions. given at a fairly normal rate.

SPEAKING ABILITY Your child's speaking ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

■ NOVICE HIGH INTERMEDIATE HIGH ■ NOVICE MID ■ NOVICE LOW Uses isolated words (i.e., single words) to Uses single words, multiple words, short Partial ability to Sustained but minimal ability to respond to questions. phrases, greetings, polite expressions, and create with language to convey personal create with language to convey personal - Responses pertain to very specific topic areas other memorized expressions on a limited meaning by adapting learned material meaning by adapting learned material in predictable contexts. number of topics. in single sentences and strings of in single sentences and strings of May use greetings and polite expressions such Frequent searching for words is common. sentences sentences as Good Morning and Thank you. May use native language or gestures when ask and answer questions ask and answer questions attempting to create with language beyond handle a simple survival situation (daily handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in the language what is known. needs) in the language Memorized expressions with verbs and other Uses vocabulary from everyday topics and - Has basic vocabulary for making statements short phrases are usually accurate, but subject area content to provide basic and asking questions to satisfy basic social and inaccuracies occur when trying to produce academic needs, but not for explaining or information. language beyond the scope of memorized Uses memorized expressions with ease and elaborating on them. material. - Can maintain simple conversations at the Can respond in intelligible sentences most of sentence level by creating with the language, the time but does not sustain sentence-level although in a restrictive and reactive manner. - Handles a limited number of everyday social speech Sentences may not always contain the proper and subject content interactions. verb formations, and other grammatical - Uses a variety of common verbs in present tense (formations may be inaccurate) inaccuracies may be present. - May revert to the use of English when foreign - Other verb tenses/forms may appear but are language words cannot be retrieved or when not frequent. dealing with unfamiliar topics - The listener may be confused by this speech due to the many grammatical inaccuracies.

READING ABILITY Your child's reading ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

■ NOVICE LOW **NOVICE MID NOVICE HIGH** ■ INTERMEDIATE LOW Able to recognize a limited number of letters. Can understand, fully and with relative ease, - Can understand some information from the - Able to recognize the letters or symbols They are occasionally able to identify highkey words and cognates, as well as formulaic simplest connected texts dealing with a limited - Can identify a number of highly contextualized frequency words and/or phrases when phrases across a range of highly contextualized number of personal and social needs. words and phrases including cognates and - There may be frequent misunderstandings. strongly supported by context. texts. borrowed words but rarely understand Where vocabulary has been learned, they can - Readers will be challenged to understand material that exceeds a single phrase. understand predictable language and connected texts of any length. Rereading is often required. messages such as those found in the environment. Typically are able to derive meaning from short, non-complex texts that convey basic information for which there is contextual or extralinguistic support.

Writing Ability your child's writing ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

